

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Tuesday Morning, July 19, 1870.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.
July 18.—Slp Eagle, Pritchard, San Juan
Sch Surpette, Christiansen, Nanaimo
Slm Knappe, Swanson, New Westminster
Slp Klugedore, Dake, San Juan

CLARED.
July 18.—Slp Robert Cowan, Weeks, Honolulu
Slp Ocean Queen, Dick, San Juan

PASSENGERS.
For slm ALIDA.—M. Starr, Mrs. Starr, Miller, Howe,
Mrs. Howe, Simpson, Gray, Kitch, Mrs. Kitch, Harcourt, Meiss,
Field, Peterson, Stephens, Decker, Lambert, Kennedy,
Davis, Miss Davis, Packwood, Hodge, Byrne, McNair, Burke
11 swabbers

Per slm OLYMPIA.—Dr. Helmecken, Capt. Lawson, wife
and son, Miss Morris, 2 Misses Morris, 3 Misses Rodney,
Mrs. Smith and daughter, Mrs. Harrop, Miss Nunn, Miss Emma
Clark, Jackson, A. Hennessey, A. Logan, Milton, A. Lighton,
Const. Francis, Miss Francis, 1 Snow, G. Knowles, 16
Italians

EXPORTS.
Per brig ROBERT COWAN, for Honolulu, S.T.—150,000
feet lumber, 21,800 pickets, 18,000 shingles, 20 keels,
7000 bricks, 50 c. gum.—Value \$180,000.

IMPORTS.
Per slm OLYMPIA.—200 sheep, 8 cows, 6 calves, 1 box
and 2 bbls skins, 6 cattle, 120 1/4 lbs flour

CONSIGNEES.
Per slm OLYMPIA.—Jackson, Murray, J. R. Stewart

PORT SOUND ITEMS.—The Seattle *Intelligencer* says "Greyhound" was easily beaten in the recent race with "Jack Oade." The two miles were made in 3:49. "Greyhound" has been taken to Olympia by his owner. Miners are said to be making \$15 a day on Sultan river. A party of gentlemen connected with the North Pacific Railroad have come through the Sequim Pass to Seattle and speak well of it.

The U S S Shubrick arrived at Port Townsend yesterday morning with supplies for the light-houses. On the passage up the Shubrick fell in with the N P T Company's steamship *Moses Taylor* in distress, with a broken shaft, and towed her across Columbia River bar to Astoria.

Cows.—The Pound By-law is almost a dead letter. Cows and horses have again undisputed possession of the streets, and not a few handsome gardens have been destroyed.

Query.—Have not the sufferer a good case against the Corporation? Or may they shoot animals found within their enclosures?

A meeting of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society will be held to-day at 2 p.m. at the office of Mr. Barnaby, for the election of officers and the transaction of other important business. A punctual attendance is requested.

The ship Gen Windham sailed yesterday for Callao. Mr. Kirk, the first officer, who is under bonds to appear for trial and answer a charge of shooting with felonious intent was allowed to leave with the ship, it being understood that he will appear and stand his trial upon his return.

TRIAL TRIP.—The steamer Sir James Douglas, Capt. Clarke, made a trial trip to the outer harbor yesterday for the purpose of testing her new boilers. A satisfactory report was made by the engineer. She will sail for the East Coast at 7 o'clock on Thursday.

BREAD-TUFF.—The war-news has sent the price of breadstuffs up in the world's markets. The rise will have a very favorable effect on the agricultural interests of California, where prices have ruled ruinously low for several years.

ARRIVAL OF THE OLYMPIA.—The steamer Olympia, Captain Finch, arrived from ports on Puget Sound last evening, bringing passengers, livestock and produce. Mr. Finch, Purser, has our thanks for customary favors.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALIDA.—The steamer Alida, Capt. Starr, arrived from the Sound last evening, bringing 34 passengers and a number of cattle. Capt. Starr has our thanks for the usual favors.

The enclosure of Stafford & Hicken, near Spring Ridge was visited yesterday by vagabond dogs, and seven or eight sheep were killed.

FOR PORT SOUND.—The Olympia will sail at 11 o'clock to-day and the Alida at 2 o'clock, a.m., to-morrow, for Puget Sound.

THE PELICAN.—The N P T Co's steamer Pelican arrived at San Francisco yesterday afternoon.

Down.—The telegraph wires went down last evening between the English and American camps on San Juan Island.

The Otter has hauled alongside Brodrick's wharf to discharge her cargo of anthracite coal.

A few fields of barley have been harvested in Saanich district. The yield is very heavy.

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Europe.

PARIS, July 15.—There is great excitement here and many demonstrations in favor of war are made by the people. During the night crowds of students and others paraded the streets shouting "Vive la guerre" and "Down with Prussia" etc. Some persons who protested were hissed and insulted. The police did not interfere. The crowd stopped at the Prussian Embassy and shouted insultingly. It is asserted that the Prussian Ambassador leaves Paris to-night.

BERLIN, July 15.—The King returns here to-day. There is great excitement.

PARIS, July 15.—It is reported on the best authority that an angry interview occurred to-day to-day between Napoleon and Prime Minister Ollivier, growing out of the latter's known disposition for peace. The Emperor violently denounced Ollivier's efforts in this direction.

The movement of troops toward the Rhine frontier is incessant. Eastern France is absolutely alive with soldiers. Troops which have hitherto garrisoned Paris have gone, and are being rapidly replaced by raw recruits. Ambulances and cannon through the streets of the city en route to the East, and preparations at different naval stations are on a similar large scale. It is generally believed here that war will be declared.

The North German *Gazette* has a dispatch from Ems to-day, giving particulars of the withdrawal of Benedotto. It seems that he acceded the King of Prussia, while the latter was drinking water, demanding pre-emptorily his intention in the pending embroglio. He was dismissed immediately. The same paper says there is much activity at the Prussian ports, which are being put in a state of defence. Iron-clads and frigates are ready to start from Brest and Cherbourg.

An extra edition of the *Constitutionnel* just issued this evening announces that in consequence of the insult offered Benedotto, France accepts the war which Prussia offers.

LONDON, July 15, 3 p.m.—It is reported that the European Powers will unite their protest against the imprudence of Prussia.

Prussia. Austria continues to profess neutrality in the quarrel between Prussia and France, but will abandon it if a third power should interfere.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 14.—Russia refuses to abandon its policy of inactivity with regard to the Spanish throne. There is a strong feeling on the part of the Russian Government against France.

It is believed the Emperor Napoleon is bent on an aggressive war, in order to destroy the balance of power in Europe; and to seize and over-master Prussia's positions and forces and then restore the Bourbons to the Spanish throne by force of arms.

Paris, and had an interview with the Emperor.

It is reported that the Emperor received a dispatch from Queen Victoria, this p.m., in which she makes her last appeal for peace.

A similar one was sent to the King of Prussia.

It is said that a proclamation signed by Napoleon, is being prepared for distribution throughout the German States, as soon as the troops cross the frontiers. It assures the people that France wars upon Prussia and not against Germany, and with no idea of conquest.

3 p.m.—Excitement very great; no opposition to the war by any class.

LONDON, July 15.—The excitement arising from the situation was intense all day. Business is at a stand and commercial quotations are nominal, after exchange hours the markets were generally firmer and American securities steady but nominal.

Bismarck has issued circulars telegraphed in all directions notifying vessels to hasten to ports of shelter.

The French declaration of war is based on the following causes: First, insult offered to Benedotto and its approval by the Prussian Government. Second, refusal of the King to compel the withdrawal of Leopold's name as candidate for the Spanish Throne. Third, the fact that the King persisted in giving the Prince the liberty to accept the Crown.

The Continental matters have absorbed all attention in the Lords and Commons and but little business has been done.

VIENNA, July 15.—The Governments of Austria, England, Italy and Russia, are known to have presented at Paris urgent remonstrances against war.

LONDON, July 15.—Disraeli, in the House of Commons, asked the Government for an expression of opinion on the continental disturbance. Gladstone denied that there was any sufficient grounds for trouble, he added that the cause was unfit for discussion; the powers had declined any friendly intervention. He hoped there would be an opportunity for a renewed attempt to mediate which should be eagerly seized.

PARIS, July 16.—The Government asks for a vote of supplies and calls to arms all classes liable to military service. The Corps Legislative has voted the extreme demands, the left voting negative.

BERLIN, July 15.—The Reichstag of the North German Confederation met yesterday. The Prussian Diet is already in session and the people of all parts assure the King of their unqualified approval of his dignified and energetic attitude. A resolution was adopted granting an unlimited credit for the purposes of defence.

THE ALIDA, July 15.—Orders have been issued for the mobilization of the army.

PARIS, July 16.—The morning journals say eight days ago Bismarck wrote to Napoleon to make no concessions to France, yet not to be too imperative, as he wished to prolong the situation if possible to July 20th. The journals argue that Prussia meant war from the beginning and sought only to gain time.

The Emperor leaves Paris to-day for the seat of war, Prince Imperial accompanies him.

BERLIN, July 16.—The government is in receipt of telegrams from all quarters assuring it that no sacrifices are too great for Prussians to make in this cause. Enthusiasm intense; volunteering extraordinary; every male Prussian is demanding arms from government. Advice state Bremen is a port of refuge for Prussian ships.

LIVERPOOL, July 16.—Much excitement in markets; breadstuffs rapidly advancing.

LONDON, July 17.—The neutrality of England will be difficult, perhaps impossible and dishonorable, should Holland and Belgium become involved in the war.

LONDON, July 16.—The *Times* intimates that the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine, containing modern departments of Moselle, Meur, the Meuse and Vosges, and Alsace on upper and lower Rhine, are the real objects of the war on the part of Prussia, and in this she has the sympathy of mankind. The *Times* hints that English intervention is probable in case of Prussia losing strength.

PARIS, July 17.—In the Corps Legislatif M. Thiers pronounced against the declaration of war. The government of France had received satisfaction from Prussia and war should not be made on her for mere formality.

The following projects of law were brought forward: First, to call the Garde Mobile into active service. Second, to authorize the enlistment of volunteers for the term of war. Third, to issue a demand for a loan of fifty million francs in aid of the army, and sixteen million in aid of the navy. After a short debate all these propositions were carried.

The Emperor is expected to lead the army in person and by a series of rapid movements arrive at the Rhine before Prussia has completed her defences.

Steamers have been despatched to Algeria to bring home the troops now operating against that country.

The journals assert that the French Government, as soon as the result of the vote on the infallibility dogma was known here, ordered the recall of the troops from Rome.

Nothing positive is ascertained concerning the alliance between France and Austria. It is reported again that Austria will remain neutral.

Baron Wethers, North German Minister, and all members of his embassy, left Paris yesterday for Berlin.

The French squadron in the Mediterranean has been doubled. Vice-Admiral de Laguer is in command.

LYONS, July 16.—The English Minister is still endeavoring to get his colleagues here to present a collective request for a congress of European powers to settle the question between France and Prussia.

BERLIN, July 16.—The King arrived here last evening from Ems. The entire journey was a complete ovation.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Senate adjourned yesterday without acting on the resolution of Frölichshausen.

The Prussian Minister at Washington received a message last night from Berlin announcing the dispatch of the French fleet to blockade all the Prussian ports. The information was at once communicated to the President and Cabinet.

The news from Europe to-night, official and non-official, leads to the belief that a war between Prussia and France is certain. The opinion of both foreign and home officials is that the war will be of brief duration, that one decisive battle will be fought and that will be the end of it.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The excitement over the war news continues. An office has already been opened on Broome street and men are being recruited for the Irish brigade, to aid the French. A number of Germans are about to embark for Lathlaina to take part in the fray.

London specials to the *Herald* say the declaration of war in France creates intense excitement, and the action of France is generally condemned. The extra official expression of the Ministry lead to the belief that England will pre-emptorily forbid the occupation of Belgium by France.

The German steamer which was to have sailed to-day was stopped by telegraph dispatches from Bremen. The Bremen Lloyd's is reported closed.

Something sensational may possibly occur in the waters outside of New York harbor for there are in these waters the North German frigate *Aolonia*, of 400 horse power and 28 guns, and the French frigates *Leamermis* and *Lisa* and the school ship *Jean Bart*.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Speaker laid before the house dispatches just received from Paris by the associated press, announcing the declaration in the Paris *Constitutionnel* that in consequence of the insult offered to the French Minister at Berlin, France accepts the war which Prussia offers.

California.

STOCKTON, July 15.—The war news has advanced the price of wheat. Farmers evince a desire to hold back.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The British ship *Henry Reid* has cleared for Barroil Island where she will load for Cork for orders under a home charter.

Oregon.

PORTLAND, July 17.—The propeller *California* arrived last night.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

Europe.

PARIS, July 16.—Belgium has destroyed all the bridges on the French frontier. Russia and Prussia are reported to be in full accord.

ROME, July 16.—There is great excitement. A Liberal uprising and attack on the city is expected. No fighting yet reported.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—The number of deaths in this city during the past week was 63. Of these 3 occurred in the county hospital, 15 were still-born or so reported, 1 a suicide and 33 casualties.

Herman, R. H. Ly, William Berger and Chas. Haas, old Prussian soldiers, left yesterday for Germany in order to take part in the war.

The German war meeting to raise hospital funds is to be held on Tuesday evening. The captain of the ship *Royal Alice* reports that in latitude 92° 5' north. Longitude 120° 11' west, while running westward to get clear of a cyclone which overtook him with its southern edge damaging sails and bulwarks; he passed a bale of goods tied with rope bands which appeared not to have been long in the water. He could not see any mark or number upon it, it being too dark. When 120 miles from this port he experienced a strong north-west wind with the fore top gal mast carried away and other damages were sustained.

Arrived—Bark *Hansville*, Port Madison. Bark *Perpetual*, Port Laid w. Bark *Powhatan*, Bellingham Bay.

The feeling between German and French residents, growing out of the war, is becoming more intense, though no serious collision has yet taken place. The Germans have issued the following placard: Five thousand dollars reward will be given by the Germans of San Francisco to the person who informs them if he goes and gets that Prussia flag himself for which he offers five hundred dollars.

The French and Germans are raising their national flags on their places of business, a number being seen to-day.

The Spanish Americans appear to sympathize strongly with the Germans and their sympathy will be manifested in a practical shape shortly.

The Germans will have a large attendance at the meeting called for Tuesday.

DELAYED DISPATCHES

Canada.

HAMILTON, Ont, July 8.—The Directors of the Canada Air-line Railroad Company met to-day. The whole amount of stock is subscribed.

BROCKVILLE, Ont, July 8.—The engine-house and soon of the Brockville and Ottawa Railroad Company was destroyed by fire last night, with a number of cars. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, one-third.

Europe.

PARIS, July 8.—All the Chinamen in Paris are leaving the anger of the populace for the recent massacre at Peking, and have carefully kept within doors; owing, however, to the Spanish affairs the news from China has created but little sensation.

LONDON, July 8.—The *Lancet* reports the mental and bodily vigor of Mr. Bright completely restored.

Copious showers have fallen during the past 24 hours in England, which, with alternate sunshine and shower, greatly improved the prospects of moving crops.

The Court of Sessions at Edinburgh has rendered a judgment requiring Forester, the Glasgow bookseller, to pay £500 damages for selling the American edition of Tennyson's

PELL'S COFFEE, superior to any other brand manufactured on the Coast, may be obtained of all respectable dealers throughout the Colony.

REMEMBER THE FATE OF ABALOM.—Fred Payne, Tonsorial Artist. Shaving 12 cents. Hair Cutting 25 cents, Shampooing 25 cents. That Original Cheap Shaving Shop stands on the sunny side of Johnson street.

WOLLOUGHBY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Hopless and Hopeless.—No sufferer from external maladies have sunk beneath the chances of recovery till they have tried Wolloughby's renowned remedies, which exhibit the most unusual facility in eradicating all tumors from the body, and the most wonderful power in setting up reparative, in place of destructive, action. Skin diseases, scrofulous humors, and unsightly and rotatory nodules yield to a course of Wolloughby's treatment, which cures the corrupt humors of the blood, and steadily continues the work of reorganization, and reconstruction until thorough soundness results. These Pills create a strong and evenly balanced appetite for food, and so improve the digestion and assimilation, that with the purifying process they simultaneously counter augmented strength and vigor.

EVIDENTLY acknowledging that he is the Oxford professor described in Latham as a "sneak parasite," Goldsmith publishes a letter to Mr. Darach, charging him with "deliberately himself behind a wall of fiction in order to traduce and impudently the social character of a practical omnivore," and characterizing such expressions as the stutious insolence of a coward.

Auction Sales.

J. P. Davies & Co.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Saleroom Fireproof Store Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on Consignments.

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture

And Effects, Comprising:

HANDSOME DRAWING FURNITURE

SOLID MAHOGANY DININGROOM FURNITURE.

Elegant Mahogany Bedroom FURNITURE;

A Superior Collard & Collard Upright Piano,

Brussels Carpets and Rugs

Brocatelle and Lace Curtains

Brass and Mahogany Curtain Poles

Card & Rosewood Work Tables

Mahogany Chests Drawers & Sideboards

Dinner & Breakfast Services

Handsome Cut Glassware

Blankets, Table and Bed Linen

Crossbones and Board

Handsome Engravings

Small Collection of Books

Handsome Sheffield Plate

Ladies' & Gents' Saddles & Bridles

Glass Dessert Service

Feather and Hair Beds

1 Sewing Machine

Orfelo, Hat Rack, Umbrella Stand

Henry Reid, new patent

Dole Barrel Gun, by Holland, Boud St

Lot Ammunition and Bley's Cartridges

Fishing Rods

Complete Set of Croquet in Boxwood

Complete Set of Ladies' and Gents' Archery Implements

Skates, Cues, Elegant Drawing Clock

Lot Chamblod Kitchen Ware

Usual Kitchen Furniture,

Removed from the Residence of Lieut O R Beadon, and will be sold at auction by

MESSRS. J. P. DAVIES & CO,

At Salesroom, Wharf St.

Friday, July 22d, 1870,

COMMENCING AT 11 O'CLOCK, A.M.

J. P. DAVIES,

July 15 Auctioneer

IN BOND OR DUTY PAID,

Ex Schooner A P Jordan.

150 KEGS NO. 1 & NO. 2 SANDWICH ISLAND SUGAR.

ALSO—50 BARRELS JOULANES.

July 1m A CASAMAY & CO



PUBLIC NOTICE.

ON TUESDAY NEXT, JULY 19TH, THE Government Steamer "Edmund" (Capt. J. D. Macdonald) will receive for sale various articles from the East Coast of Vancouver Is and, carrying the Mills, Passengers, Freight, &c. Landing works department, Victoria, B.C. 11th July, 1870.

July 12

HAYWARD & JENKINSON,

UNDERTAKERS;

LANGLEY STREET, Victoria

FINDON HADDOCK.

LOVER OF THE ABOVE DELICIOUS ARTICLE can be supplied by

WILLIAM FINDLAVSON,

July 1m FAMILY GROCER, Fort street

DR. MILLS BOWDEN,

DENTAL SURGEON

HAVING OPENED AN OFFICE on the corner of Government and Baiton streets, is prepared to perform all operations in dentistry at a moderate charge.

Victoria, June 15th, 1870.

July 6

C. FRANCIS BARNARD, M. D.

Mechanical & Surgical Dentist,

GRADUATE OF HARVARD College, Mass.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:—Douglas street, Victoria, Sept 16, 1869.

July 10

SUGAR and MOLASSES

JUST RECEIVED, PER "CAP JORDAN" from Honolulu,

700 kegs No 1 and 2 SUGAR, SUPERIOR MOLASSES.

For sale by JANION, RHODES & CO.

Auction Sales.

A UCTION

Real Estate

Positive Sale---Town and Country Property to close an Estate, and Town Residences

LUMLEY FRANKLIN

Has been Instructed by Mr THOS NESBIT to Sell on

Thursday, July 21st,

At his Salesroom, Yates street

AT 12 O'CLOCK, SHARP.

The following Desirable Property:

HERALD STREET—Lot No 621 Herald st, 60x120 feet, next to the corner of Government st

ALSO

YATES STREET—Lot No 819 Yates near Quadra, 60x120 feet

ALSO

VIEW STREET—Lot No 4, 60x120 feet, near Douglas st

ALSO

2 Two-story Houses on the North side of View street, above Douglas, and Lots each 20X120, being part of Town Lot No —. Title guaranteed.

ALSO,

ESQUIMALT TOWN—Lot No 44, 30x100 feet, on Centre st. in the business part of the town

ALSO

COUNTRY PROPERTY

ESQUIMALT DISTRICT—See on LXIII, containing about 100 acres

—ALSO—

SOOKE DISTRICT—See XXX, 157 acres; XXXI, 110 acres; and section XLVII, situated on the river and comprising 95 acres

ALSO, ON OTHER ACCT

TWO STORY RESIDENCE with Lot, on the north side of View next to the corner Douglas st, being the western third of town lot No 3. The house contains nine rooms—the bedrooms having clothes closets—is hard finished and in first-rate condition, having been recently painted throughout, and is now in the possession of Mr Ridgeway.

—ALSO—

The FINE TWO-STORY HOUSE adjoining the above, together with the lot on which it stands, being the centre one-third portion of town lot No 3. The house is hard finished throughout, contains nine rooms, and is at present in the occupation of Mr Bowden.

The last mentioned properties are well adapted for homesteads. Title guaranteed

Acts of Sale at buyer's expense

Further particulars can be obtained on application to

LUMLEY FRANKLIN,

July 12 Auctioneer.

A UCTION.

English Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Fancy Goods, Old Engravings, &c.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN

Will sell on SATURDAY, July 23d, at his Salesroom, Yates street, at 11 o'clock a.m.

An invoice of assorted GROCERIES, ex Alpha

ALSO,

50 cks 4 doz ea Allopp's Pale Ale

Royal Berton Champagne

Perrier Champagne in pints

Bernard's Old Tom in bulk

Hollands Gin in bulk

Port and Sherry in bulk

ALSO

Choice selection of rare ENGRAVINGS, including Biblical and classical subjects by the old masters

ALSO

CONCERTINAS—Rosewood, ornamented organ-toned and tremolo of superior make

Photographic Albums; various sizes and qualities, violins, &c.

ALSO

Previous to the above, by order of the Government, the well known Horse "BILL," a good saddle and harness horse and will carry a lady

LUMLEY FRANKLIN,

July 19 Auctioneer.

